





Health Information Exchange:

What is it and why should I care?

May 2013

Today's Session:

- 1. Definitions
- 2. HIE vs. EMR
- 3. Why is the HIE Accessed?
- 4. Components
- 5. Implementation Strategy
- 6. Benefits
- 7. Change Management Strategy
- 8. Challenges
- 9. Orion Health HIE Client Profile



Health Information Exchange (HIE) ...

- "... actually encompasses two related concepts:
- Verb: the electronic sharing of health-related information among organizations
- Noun: an organization that provides services to enable the electronic sharing of health-related information (HealthIT.gov)
- "... refers to the process of reliable and interoperable electronic healthrelated information sharing conducted in a manner that protects the confidentiality, privacy and security of the information." (AHIMA)

"... is the electronic movement of health-related information among organizations according to nationally recognized standards." (US Dept of HHS)

≠ Health Insurance Exchange

For more information visit <u>http://www.healthit.gov/providers-professionals/health-information-exchange/what-hie</u>



EHR vs. HIE

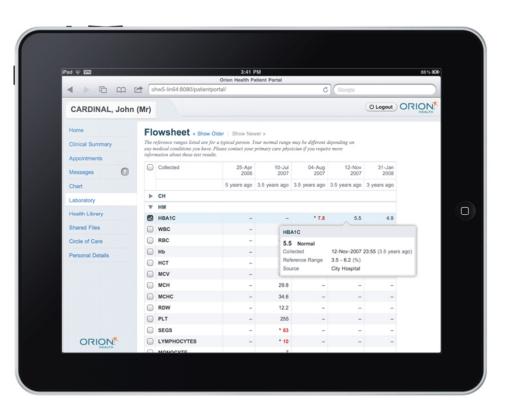
	EHR	HIE
Patient Record	Facility or organization-based; MRN is the unique patient ID	Longitudinal view integrating information from 2 or more sources; enterprise master patient index links MRNs from many organizations to one unique identifier
Functionality	Detailed clinical documentation, medico- legal patient record	Primarily view-only – focus on critical patient data (allergies, medications, problems) and summary documentation (discharge summaries, visit notes)
Standards	Structured data entry encouraged; organization-based or modified code sets utilized; free text entry permissible	Essential for "information reconciliation" – HL7 messaging, code sets (ICD-9, SNOMED), continuity of care document (CCD)
Change Management	Complete process reengineering – move from paper to automation; entire clinical workflow is reinvented for the better	 Not about reengineering! It's about: Ensuring seamless integration points Expediting information flow Eliminating the use of outdated communication channels



Why the HIE is accessed?

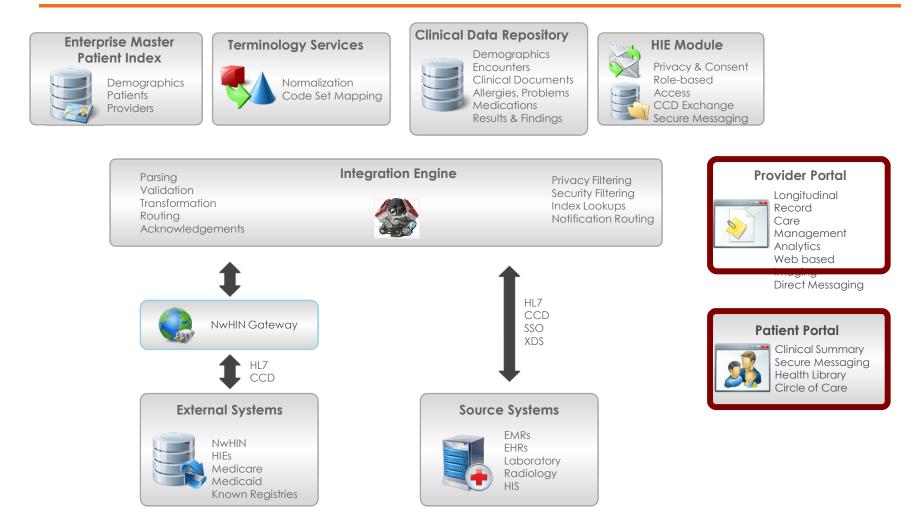
When and why a Provider needs to access the HIE:

- New patient, not seen before
- Infrequent patient
- Complex patient
- Tracking of patient
- Patient ER visits and hospital stays
- EHR is unavailable
- Remote Access





HIE Components





HIE Implementation Strategy



Benefits

- Helps facilitate coordinated patient care across disparate organizations
- Reduces duplicative treatments
- Avoids adverse patient care events
- Increases efficiency by eliminating unnecessary paperwork
- Improves public health reporting
- Promotes best practice standard patient populations
- Stimulates patient's involvement care



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Change Management Strategy

- Have a strategy to effect change otherwise you never move beyond utilization and curiosity
- Engage the stakeholders
- Identify HIE "touch points" to facilitate clinical workflow integration
- Plan for role-based users clinicians and support staff derive differing value and benefits
- Establish a clinical governance structure
- Training vs. education
- Develop a communication plan



Challenges

- Data quality issues from source systems
- Information reconciliation lack of standards
- Consent management -- protecting the patient's right to privacy
- Data sharing among competitors
- Competing priorities
- Ensuring sustainability



Orion Health HIE Client Profile

